Tip Sheet: Knowing Your Emotions



You are the Experts of your Family!

Help children identify and understand emotions to help them prepare to react to strong feelings.

Talk with children about feelings to help them learn coping strategies for dealing with negative emotions.

Empathy means considering the perspectives of other people and thinking about what others may be feeling.

Emotional Recognition:

Children often need support to identify the emotions they are experiencing. Being able to recognize emotions will support children's sense of self-awareness and increase positive interactions with others.

Healthy Responses to Stress:

Stress is a normal part of everyday life. However, prolonged stress without adult support can negatively impact a child's relationships and emotional wellness.

Perspective Taking:

When conflict occurs, we may have strong emotional reactions based on a false perception of hostility. This is why communication and listening are important for solving conflict. Emotional awareness involves the ability to identify emotions that may trigger strong reactions. Identifying and naming emotions will help a child consider healthy ways to react to stress or conflict.

Many studies reveal that children who have the support of warm, trusting relationships in their family are less impacted by negative factors of stress and are better able to cope with new challenges.

Listening and validating your child's feelings shows that you care. Feeling heard helps a child deal with his or her emotional reactions and consider perspectives of others for effective problem solving.

Children develop reasoning and problem solving skills to prepare for challenges. This ability is learned through practice as children become better able to independently consider the effects of their future behaviours and choices.

Learning to make choices is an important part of growing up. With practice, children feel better prepared to make good choices for themselves. Talking about fears and planning for safety will help keep your child safe. Help your child practice planning ahead and considering consequences.

"What will it feel like after if you....?"

"What would happen if you (made 'this' choice?)

"Would anyone be hurt if you.... how would they feel?"



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Critical thinking and problem solving skills are essential to emotion self-regulation. Conflict recognition and resolution can be approached with these steps:

- 1. Identify the problem or issue. Consider perspectives to determine the level of conflict.
- 2. Determine the goal. What will the end result look like?
- 3. Consider the solution. Self-awareness and perspective taking can help evaluate the pros and cons.
- 4. Try out different solutions. Discuss what is and isn't working as you consider the perspectives of everyone involved.

Use this as a guide to consider how conflicts can be opportunities to strengthen relationships and build conflict resolution skills.

Feeling
unconditionally
accepted leads
to acceptance
of others.

Role model selfcontrol by naming your emotions: "I'm frustrated!" Consider yours and others' feelings before reacting.

Perspective taking helps children develop thoughtful solutions.

Feelings cause reactions, which leads to consequences. Children need practice to recognize their own emotions and consider the effects of their behaviour and the consequences that follow.

Explanation Reaction Action Parents can often recognize their child's "You look sad." emotions. Name these emotions to help "You're screaming. You must be angry!" Recognize children learn how feelings connect to "You're not talking. Are you afraid?" real life situations. Parents and caring adults can provide "If I got hurt, I'd be sad too." "It's frustrating when you don't feel comfort and help children feel better **Empathize** like you understand." about negative experiences by "Meeting new people can be hard." empathizing with children's emotions. Solutions can always be found. Help a "How could we make this better?" child feel better prepared. Boost energy "Let's do some research on this." **Energize** levels with ideas and possible solutions "How can we work on this together to for success. get it done?" Adjust plans to meet the needs of "How do you think others would feel everyone involved. You may need to about this?" Compromise negotiate solutions to come up with a "Does this make sense now?" resolution for everyone. "Will everyone be ok with this?